"Alabama" means "Tribal Town" in the _ native language.
Historical, unofficial nickname: "Heart of _".
Industry includes hydroelectric power, mining, and _ production.
Home of _ University, the state's largest.
Eli Whitney's _ gin increased productivity at the plantations.
State Motto is Latin for "We Dare _ Our Rights".
The _ were the first Europeans to create a settlement in 1702.
The state's only port city and center for international trade.
Home of baseball players Hank Aaron and _ Mays.
The Creek Indians were defeated in 1814 by General Andrew _.
The state's official insect is the _ butterfly.
Singer _ _ Cole was born in 1919 in Montgomery.
Native home of Creek, Choctaw, Chickasaw and _ tribes.
Highest point: Cheaha _ at 2,405 feet.
Agriculture includes cotton, corn, peanuts and _.
America's first _ _ was celebrated here in 1704.
Civil rights leader who would not surrender her seat on the bus.
Crossed by interstates 10, 20, _, and 85.
Bordered by Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, and _.
Major rivers include the Alabama, Tennessee, Coosa, and _.
Home of NASA's research facility and space camp.
State capital and early capital of the confederacy.
The state contains the southern reaches of the _ mountains.
Alabama is known for its warm southern _.
Alabama has many farm-like _ with long growing seasons.
Saltwater southern border with sandy beaches.
Admitted to the Union December 14, 1819 as the _ state.
The _ state; its nickname is the same as the state bird.