Scotts Bluff rises over __ hundred feet over the Nebraska plain.
It was necessary to ford or use a __ to get wagons across rivers.
__ attacks were actually very rare; trading was more important.
Ezra __ of Puyallup, WA brought publicity to the Trail in the early 1900s.
The journey could take four to six __.
The Oregon, __ and California trails all passed by Independence Rock.
The Courthouse and Jail Rocks landmark overlooks the North __ Valley.
Horses weren't strong enough to pull __, so oxen were used.
The Mormon trail left the Oregon Trail at Fort __ in Wyoming.
Settlers would hunt animals like __ and antelope.
Unclean drinking water led to outbreaks of __ that killed thousands.
__ went to Oregon, those seeking gold went to California.
Fort __, a stop on the trail, was once named Fort William and Fort John.
Pioneers carved their names on Independence Rock in present-day __.
The last part of the trail was through the rapids of the __ River Gorge.
Many believed it was "__ Destiny" to spread across the continent.
Chimney Rock, a large landmark on the trail, is located in __.
The transcontinental __ ended the need for the Oregon Trail.
The entire journey was over two __ miles long.
Fur __ lived and worked in the Rockies and acted as scouts.
__ was a type of wagon that many used to cross the Oregon Trail.
The Donation Land Claim Act of 1850 predated the __ Act by 12 years.
To travel and live permanently in a foreign land.
Leave too early or late and there wouldn't be enough grass for the __.
Wagon trains crossed the Continental Divide at __ __.
The Whitman Massacre took place in 1847 near __ __, WA.
In Oregon, many farmers settled in the __ Valley.
One of the most popular starting points was __, MO.